



# Technical Report Two

Design Load Estimation, Annual  
Energy Consumption, and  
Operating Costs

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## Executive Summary

Oklahoma University Children's Medical Office Building is a 12-story above grade structure that is part of the Oklahoma University Health Services Division. The building under analysis is located in downtown Oklahoma City, Oklahoma and is situated on the university hospital grounds. The building is primarily comprised of office spaces and patient care services similar to a general medical office building. The medical services provided here are only diagnostic doctor care and outpatient care related to routine check-ups. It is important to note that the construction for the building is based on a tenant fit-out plan and not all of the floors are currently occupied.

The purpose of this report is to examine the building through an energy model. The analysis of the building was completed with the use of TRACE 700 software, created and provided by Trane. TRACE is accepted software used widely throughout the building engineering industry. The software is integrated with ASHRAE Standard 90.1, the energy standard for buildings, which makes design decisions within the software, credible and applicable. For this study an energy model was created in TRACE based upon the design criteria from the construction documents and as a result loads, energy consumption, and economic impact results were able to be computed.

## Building Overview

The OU Children's MOB is a 337,000 square foot newly constructed building on the OU hospital grounds. The cost of the project is approximately \$60 million, and was set for completion in the spring of 2009. The architecture of the building incorporates a standard, brick veneer façade separated visually by large spans of aluminum panels and glass curtain walls to give it a modern appearance. The interior floors are repetitive and feature exterior and interior offices, which are divided by a continuous corridor. Offices and spaces are designated by their corresponding medical use.

## Mechanical Systems Overview

The general mechanical layout for the building makes use of an air-handling unit on each of the 11 above-grade floors and 1 basement floor. Each air-handling unit is capable of providing approximately 28 tons of cooling. From the air-handling unit, air is distributed to approximately 40 terminal boxes per floor. All terminal boxes present within the building are intended for variable air volume (VAV). The medical office building uses the plenum space above the rooms for air return and circulation by way of the terminal units and transfer ducts. Additionally, each floor is served by the two mechanical rooms; that which houses the floor's air-handling unit and another at the opposite side of the building were approximately 50% of the



distributed air is discharged from the building. All exhaust air travels up to the roof to be relieved.

Chilled and heating water is distributed through the building after transfer in the main mechanical room, which is served by a central steam heating plant and a chiller plant both located offsite, but on the hospital campus. Currently, nine of the twelve floors are set to be occupied, leaving three floors with AHUs not yet in operation. Furthermore, egress spaces on the unoccupied floors, parking deck, and stairwells are served by fan coil units.

## Load Calculation

The loads presented and energy consumed by Oklahoma University Children's MOB was obtained through Trane's load calculation and energy simulation software, TRACE 700. The software makes calculations based on the user input and guideline criteria established by the American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Condition Engineers (ASHRAE).

## Design Conditions

Based upon the weather data and the design documents a general thermostat setting is used, shown in Table 1. This was created as the default for all of the spaces in the building; however, thermostat settings could be changed on a room by room basis if a specific space has required so. For the purposes of this analysis all of the spaces use the thermostat design settings in the following table.

**Table 1. Thermostat Setting**

Thermostat Design Settings	
Cooling Dry Bulb, °F	75
Heating Dry Bulb, °F	72
Relative Humidity, %RH	50
Cooling Drift Point, °F	81
Heating Drift Point, °F	64

## Model Design

The medical office building is a tenant fit-out construction project and thus requires the use of 12 air handling units (AHU). A single air handling unit is used to serve each of floors; one basement floor below the parking garage and 11 floors above the parking deck. Therefore as a building floor is leased out, the air handling unit that serves the floor becomes operable. Currently only three and half floors have not become occupied.

The model for the building defines zones room by room. Since there are a wide variety of rooms, each room was inputted into the software individually as opposed to using block loading. For example, an interior block along the east face of the building envelope may contain everything from an exam room to library to laboratory, thus the need to evaluate each room individually.



### Load Assumptions

The loads for the building were based upon the supposed occupancy due to the space types established in the construction documents. Rooms were selected based upon a sufficient amount of space templates created from the design documents, which will be described in more detail later. For rooms where sufficient information could not be gathered from the construction documents, comparable room properties provided by the software (set forth by ASHRAE) were used. The general space characteristics used follow.

### Occupancy Assumptions

Occupancy numbers and densities are given for the sixteen general room templates in Table 2. The number and density for each room has been acquired from the interior architectural drawings provide by Miles Associates and from general densities provided by TRACE from ASHRAE literature. Upon creating the individual rooms if a single room varied from a given template then the occupancy was independently input. There are a total of 738 rooms in the building created from the templates displayed below.

**Table 2. Common Room Occupancy**

Space Templates	Occupancy	
	No. of People	Square Feet per Person
Office	1	-
Conference	-	20
Patient Room	2	-
Basic Storage	0	0
Special Storage	0	0
Equipment Room	2	-
Laboratory	-	33.3
Work	-	143
Break Room	3	-
Copy/Printing	0	0
Reception	-	16.7
Waiting	3	-
Corridor	0	0
Toilet	0	0
Changing/Locker Room	0	0
Library	-	50

### Lighting and Equipment Electrical Load Assumptions

The lighting equipment described in the MEP design documents was used for each of the room templates. Generally, the lighting equipment used on each floor for each space was the same and was approximately two watts per square foot. Additionally for rooms where lighting would typically be off for the majority of the day a lower wattage per square foot was used for the individual room, such as janitor closets.

The building in examination is a medical building, which means that the equipment load is generally more than a basic commercial office building. This



plays a significant factor in the load analysis. The majority of the spaces in the building are patient, procedure, and exam rooms which are typically considered to have sufficient densities of mechanical equipment which use electrical power. Laboratories and other special equipment rooms such as X-Ray rooms are also present within the medical office building. General lighting and miscellaneous equipment power densities for the room templates are given in Table 3, below.

**Table 3. Space Lighting and Equipment Loads**

Space Templates	Lighting Loads	Misc. Equip. Loads
	Watts per Square Foot	Watts per Square Foot
Office	2	1
Conference	2	1
Patient Room	2	2
Basic Storage	1	0
Special Storage	2	2
Equipment Room	2	2
Laboratory	2	1
Work	2	1
Break Room	2	2
Copy/Printing	2	2
Reception	2	1
Waiting	2	0
Corridor	2	0
Toilet	2	0
Changing/Locker Room	2	0
Library	2	2

### Construction

The basic construction elements for the building were acquired from the construction documents and entered into the room templates as they applied to each one. Then as each specific room was created, the building envelope materials were applied at the correct angle from North. Much of the office and exam rooms are located at the exterior walls facing north and east. Each of the spaces contained at least one window that was correctly applied to the exterior wall. On the west face of the building, corridors and waiting areas are situated and contain a continuous glass curtain wall along the entire face.

The typical construction assemblies are laid out in the table below. The elements used in the design were as closely matched to those provided by TRACE.



**Table 4. Typical Construction Assemblies**

Glass	Type	U-Factor, BTU/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -oF	Shading Coefficient
Window	Single Clear 1/4"	0.950	0.95
Door	Standard Door	0.200	0.00

Construction	Type	U-Factor, BTU/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -oF	
Slab	4" Light Weight Concrete	0.213	
Roof	8" Heavy Weight Concrete, 4" Insulation	0.065	
Wall	Matal, 2" Insulation	0.130	
Partition	3/4" Gypsum Wall Board Framed	0.388	

### Schedules

Occupancy schedules for people, lights, and miscellaneous loads were utilized during normal work hours because Oklahoma University Children’s Medical Office Building is mostly an office building. Loads during the day are much higher than at night with off peak hours of 11:00pm to 7:00am used during the weekday.

### Calculated Load vs. Design Load Analysis

The calculated loads using Trane’s software proved to be much higher than what was previously designed for, as can be seen in Table 5. This can be due several factors that have been accounted for and others which have not. First and foremost, bathrooms, corridors, and waiting areas were all accounted for in the TRACE model. Typically these rooms would not be set to receive a significant amount of design airflow. However, between the exterior spaces and the interior space there is ample corridor and waiting space which makes up a sufficient amount of the total floor area. The architectural drawings used to create the model are poor in regards to distinguishing between corridors and waiting area. In the model, the waiting areas were design to have an occupant density. Additionally, majority of the floors have areas designated for future construction or what is denoted as available or open office space. These spaces were applied as offices in the model.



**Table 5. Airflow Comparison**

Unit	Design vs. Calculated Airflow		
	Design Airflow (CFM)	Calculated Airflow (CFM)	Error (%)
AHU-0	15000	13008	15.3
AHU-3	25000	44879	44.3
AHU-4	25000	45858	45.5
AHU-5	25000	44715	44.1
AHU-6	25000	45789	45.4
AHU-7	25000	45507	45.1
AHU-8	25000	46078	45.7
AHU-9	25000	42239	40.8
AHU-10	25000	39969	37.5

### Energy Calculation and Operating Cost

A full year energy study was also conducted on the Oklahoma University Medical office building. Trane TRACE 700 was once more utilized with the previously mentioned model, designed with thorough examination of the construction documents, to provide simulated energy usage data and utility costs.

The medical office building is on the campus of the OU Hospital system and therefore makes use of a shared heating plant and chiller plant for the building's mechanical purposes. Not much is known about the operation of the off-site plants that supply the building and construction documents for the plants could not be obtained.

This model uses what has been established in TRACE as the default for heating and cooling plants. Additionally, the utility data used for the building was the default electric and gas power rates supplied by the software.

### Energy Consumption

It has been noted that the calculated loads for the building were off from the design loads by almost double for some floors, so it is important to realize that the energy simulation provides merely a rough estimate for the building. In the figure located below, the monthly estimated energy consumption for each utility being used by the building is laid out. It can be said that the peaks between the gas and electricity usage are inverse. The directly relates to the heating and cooling of the building. Then, in the second figure it is found that the heating and cooling required for the building consume the most energy.



----- Monthly Energy Consumption -----

Utility	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
<b>Alternative: 1 Load Calculations</b>													
<b>Electric</b>													
On-Pk Cons. (kWh)	77,405	70,445	86,752	81,083	90,713	96,285	95,687	104,466	83,803	84,921	77,496	73,449	1,022,485
Off-Pk Cons. (kWh)	252,219	227,896	233,676	253,523	250,362	241,874	293,915	250,581	256,636	245,103	237,896	262,227	3,005,908
Mid-Pk Cons. (kWh)	129,608	117,644	143,125	127,934	143,599	150,778	145,015	159,510	129,707	137,427	130,107	123,785	1,638,238
On-Pk Demand (kW)	693	733	766	826	855	909	991	945	859	769	708	669	991
<b>Gas</b>													
On-Pk Cons. (therms)	1,078	920	719	265	59	31	0	83	241	475	678	1,063	5,612
Off-Pk Cons. (therms)	7,523	6,739	6,383	5,287	4,722	3,480	3,163	3,237	4,540	5,799	6,414	8,065	65,353
Mid-Pk Cons. (therms)	3,743	3,201	3,378	2,024	1,645	1,368	979	1,402	1,691	2,892	3,571	3,876	29,771
On-Pk Demand (therms/hr)	17	16	15	13	9	1	0	4	12	14	16	17	17
Off-Pk Demand (therms/hr)	26	22	21	19	18	18	18	18	18	20	20	22	26
Mid-Pk Demand (therms/hr)	22	22	20	20	18	17	17	17	18	18	20	22	22
<b>Energy Consumption</b>													
Building	153,052 Btu/(ft2-year)												
Source	357,111 Btu/(ft2-year)												
Floor Area	192,182 ft2												

Figure 1. Monthly Calculated Energy Consumption

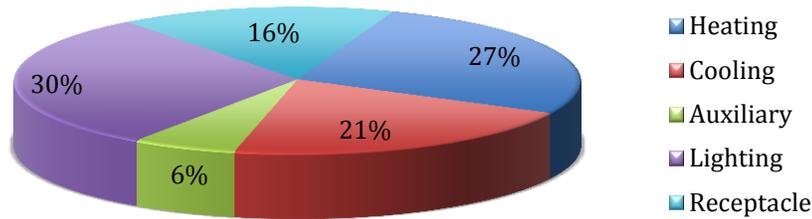


Figure 2. Energy Consumption Breakdown

### Energy Comparison

Energy consumption data and utility bills for the Children's Medical Office Building were not provided to be studied. Thus, there is no way of knowing just how comparable the energy simulation data is to the actual. However, it is significant to note that all designed HVAC equipment has not been included in the created TRACE model. Spaces on the ground floor where the parking deck is located contain fan coil units as well as other spaces such as stairwells. This equipment was not modeled, yet should not be neglected because of the power draw.



### Cost Analysis

Based on the calculated mechanical loads for the building and the energy consumed to meet these loads, simulated operating costs were determined using the default utility rates from Trace. The building utility expenses on a per month basis can be seen in the table below. Again, the building uses both electricity and natural gas.

Utility	----- Monthly Utility Costs -----												Total
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	
<b>Alternative 1</b>													
<b>Electric</b>													
On-Pk Cons. (\$)	2,469	2,247	2,767	2,587	2,894	3,071	3,052	3,332	2,673	2,709	2,472	2,343	32,617
Off-Pk Cons. (\$)	6,053	5,469	5,608	6,085	6,009	5,805	7,054	6,014	6,159	5,882	5,710	6,293	72,142
<b>Total (\$):</b>	<b>8,522</b>	<b>7,717</b>	<b>8,376</b>	<b>8,671</b>	<b>8,902</b>	<b>8,876</b>	<b>10,106</b>	<b>9,346</b>	<b>8,833</b>	<b>8,591</b>	<b>8,182</b>	<b>8,636</b>	<b>104,759</b>
<b>Gas</b>													
On-Pk Cons. (\$)	539	460	360	132	30	16	0	41	121	238	339	531	2,806
<b>Monthly Total (\$):</b>	<b>9,061</b>	<b>8,177</b>	<b>8,735</b>	<b>8,804</b>	<b>8,932</b>	<b>8,891</b>	<b>10,106</b>	<b>9,388</b>	<b>8,953</b>	<b>8,829</b>	<b>8,521</b>	<b>9,168</b>	<b>107,565</b>
Building Area =	192,182 ft <sup>2</sup>												
Utility Cost Per Area =	0.56 \$/ft <sup>2</sup>												

Figure 3. Monthly Utility Costs

### Emissions

Through the energy consumption and building operation simulation it has been determined that the Oklahoma University Hospital is generating nearly 8.5 million pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per year. This is monumental compared to the SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions generated by the building, which can be found in the following table.

Table 6. Emissions

	Environmental Impact Analysis	
	GM/year	lbm/year
CO <sub>2</sub>	-	8416137.0
SO <sub>2</sub>	21063	46.4
NO <sub>x</sub>	12632	27.8

### Summary

The software, Trane TRACE 700, used for this report is generally a pretty accurate tool for modeling building loads, energy consumption, and operating costs when the model created is as closely designed to the actual building as possible. However, in this study many assumptions had to be made due to the lack of information that could be gathered from the construction documents at hand.



Therefore, the results acquired through the building simulation are only a rough estimate. It is still useful, however, to see how the building operates based on the weather data, location, and general building systems of the design.

Going forward, it would be helpful to go back and tweak the model to see how closely I can match my calculated loads to those provided to me in order to better study the building. It would also be useful to converse with the entities providing me the building and see how I have strayed in my model. Furthermore, I can use the results to make design proposals for the future to achieve better building efficiency and reduce costs.

## Project Team

- Owner: Oklahoma University Hospital Trust
- Construction Manager: Flintco, Inc.
- Design Architect: Hellmuth, Obata, Kassabaum [HOK]
- Project Architect: Miles Associates
- Structural Engineer: Zahl-Ford, Inc.
- MEP Engineer: ZRDH, P.C.
- Civil Engineer: Smith-Roberts Baldischwiler, Inc.



Appendix A

System Checksums  
By ACADEMIC

AHU-0										Parallel Fan-Powered VAV			
COOLING COIL PEAK				CLG SPACE PEAK				HEATING COIL PEAK			TEMPERATURES		
Peaked at Time: Mo/Hr: 7 / 19				Mo/Hr: 7 / 18				Mo/Hr: Heating Design					
Outside Air: OADB/WB/HR: 89 / 68 / 76				OADB: 92				OADB: 13					
Space Sens. + Lat. Btu/h	Plenum Sens. + Lat. Btu/h	Net Total Btu/h	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sensible Btu/h	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Peak Space Sens Btu/h	Coil Peak Tot Sens Btu/h	Percent Of Total (%)	SADB	Cooling	Heating		
Envelope Loads						Envelope Loads							
SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Solar	0	0	Ra Plenum	59.4	79.2		
SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Cond	0	0	Return	78.9	66.8		
Roof Cond	0	50,795	50,795	17	0	Roof Cond	0	-75,787	Ret/OA	78.9	66.8		
Glass Solar	0	0	0	0	0	Glass Solar	0	0	Fn MtrTD	0.0	0.0		
Glass/Door Cond	0	0	0	0	0	Glass/Door Cond	0	0	Fn BltTD	0.0	0.0		
Wall Cond	22,631	4,198	26,829	9	24,267	11	Wall Cond	-25,962	Fn Frict	0.0	0.0		
Partition/Door	0	0	0	0	0	Partition/Door	0	0					
Floor	0	0	0	0	0	Floor	0	0					
Adjacent Floor	0	0	0	0	0	Adjacent Floor	0	0					
Infiltration	0	0	0	0	0	Infiltration	0	0					
Sub Total ==>	22,631	54,994	77,625	27	24,267	11	Sub Total ==>	-25,962					
Internal Loads						Internal Loads							
Lights	102,641	25,660	128,302	44	102,641	48	Lights	0					
People	48,222	0	48,222	17	25,919	12	People	0					
Misc	36,536	0	36,536	13	36,536	17	Misc	0					
Sub Total ==>	187,399	25,660	213,059	73	165,096	77	Sub Total ==>	0					
Ceiling Load	26,971	-26,971	0	0	25,697	12	Ceiling Load	-36,022					
Ventilation Load	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ventilation Load	0					
Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adj Air Trans Heat	0					
Dehumid. Ov Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ov/Undr Sizing	0					
Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	Exhaust Heat	0					
Exhaust Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	OA Preheat Diff.	0					
Sup. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	RA Preheat Diff.	0					
Ret. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	Additional Reheat	0					
Duct Heat PkUp	0	0	0	0	0	0	Underfr Sup Ht PkUp	0					
Underfr Sup Ht PkUp	0	0	0	0	0	0	Supply Air Leakage	0					
Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sub Total ==>	-61,984	-106,483	100.00			
Grand Total ==>	237,001	53,683	290,684	100.00	215,060	100.00	Grand Total ==>						

COOLING COIL SELECTION										AREAS		HEATING COIL SELECTION				
Total Capacity ton	MBh	Sens Cap. MBh	Coil Airflow cfm	Enter DB/WB/HR *F *F gr/lb	Leave DB/WB/HR *F *F gr/lb	Gross Total	Glass ft² (%)	Main Htg Capacity MBh	Coil Airflow cfm	Ent *F	Lvg *F					
Main Clg	24.2	290.7	268.4	12,986	78.9 63.6 68.0	59.4	56.1 65.4	-138.1	8,062	63.1	79.2					
Aux Clg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0					
Opt Vent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0					
Total	24.2	290.7														

TEMPERATURES					AIRFLOWS					ENGINEERING CKS				
SADB	Cooling	Heating	Diffuser	Cooling	Heating	% OA	Cooling	Heating	cmf/ft²	cfm/ton	ft³/ton	Btu/hr-ft²	No. People	
Ra Plenum	59.4	79.2	13,008	13,008	8,062	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.60	536.98	902.42	13.30	104	
Return	78.9	66.8	Terminal	13,008	8,062									
Ret/OA	78.9	66.8	Main Fan	13,008	4,031									
Fn MtrTD	0.0	0.0	Sec Fan	0	0									
Fn BltTD	0.0	0.0	AHU Vent	0	0									
Fn Frict	0.0	0.0	Infil	0	0									
			MinStop/Rh	4,031	4,031									
			Return	13,008	4,031									
			Exhaust	0	0									
			Rm Exh	0	0									
			Auxiliary	0	0									
			Leakage Dwn	0	0									
			Leakage Ups	0	0									





Oklahoma University  
Children's Medical Office Building

AHU-5

Parallel Fan-Powered VAV

COOLING COIL PEAK				CLG SPACE PEAK				HEATING COIL PEAK				TEMPERATURES								
Peaked at Time: Mo/Hr: 7 / 18				Mo/Hr: 7 / 18				Mo/Hr: Heating Design				Cooling			Heating					
Outside Air: OADB/WB/HR: 92 / 70 / 83				OADB: 92				OADB: 13				SADB	60.8	76.9	Ra Plenum	75.6	71.9	Return	75.6	71.9
Space Sens. + Lat.	Plenum Sens. + Lat	Net Total	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sensible	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Peak	Coil Peak	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sens	Tot Sens	Percent Of Total (%)	Fn MtrTD	0.0	0.0	Fn BltTD	0.0	0.0	Fn Frict	0.0	0.0
Envelope Loads						Envelope Loads														
SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0									
SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0									
Roof Cond	0	0	0	0	0	Roof Cond	0	0	0	0	0									
Glass Solar	399,983	0	399,983	54	399,983	59	Glass Solar	0	0	0	0									
Glass/Door Cond	38,545	0	38,545	5	38,545	6	Glass/Door Cond	-142,103	-142,103	91.73										
Wall Cond	5,109	1,344	6,454	1	5,109	6	Wall Cond	-10,102	-12,812	8.27										
Partition/Door	0	0	0	0	0	0	Partition/Door	0	0	0										
Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	Floor	0	0	0										
Adjacent Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adjacent Floor	0	0	0										
Infiltration	0	0	0	0	0	0	Infiltration	0	0	0										
Sub Total ==>	443,637	1,344	444,981	60	443,637	66	Sub Total ==>	-152,205	-154,915	100.00										
Internal Loads						Internal Loads														
Lights	118,177	29,544	147,722	20	118,177	18	Lights	0	0	0.00										
People	87,087	0	87,087	12	47,015	7	People	0	0	0.00										
Misc	61,605	0	61,605	8	61,605	9	Misc	0	0	0.00										
Sub Total ==>	266,869	29,544	296,413	40	226,797	34	Sub Total ==>	0	0	0.00										
Ceiling Load	4,069	-4,069	0	0	4,069	1	Ceiling Load	-511	0	0.00										
Ventilation Load	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ventilation Load	0	0	0.00										
Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0.00										
Dehumid. Ov Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0.00										
Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	Exhaust Heat	0	0	0.00										
Exhaust Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	OA Preheat Diff.	0	0	0.00										
Sup. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	RA Preheat Diff.	0	0	0.00										
Ret. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	Additional Reheat	0	0	0.00										
Duct Heat PkUp	0	0	0	0	0	0	Underfrt Sup Ht PkUp	0	0	0.00										
Underfrt Sup Ht PkUp	0	0	0	0	0	0	Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0.00										
Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sub Total ==>	-152,716	-154,915	100.00										
Grand Total ==>	714,574	26,820	741,394	100.00	674,503	100.00	Grand Total ==>	-152,716	-154,915	100.00										

AIRFLOWS		
	Cooling	Heating
Diffuser	44,715	29,168
Terminal	44,715	29,168
Main Fan	44,715	14,584
Sec Fan	0	14,584
Nom Vent	0	0
AHU Vent	0	0
Infil	0	0
MinStop/Rh	14,584	14,584
Return	44,715	14,584
Exhaust	0	0
Rm Exh	0	0
Auxiliary	0	0
Leakage Dwn	0	0
Leakage Ups	0	0

ENGINEERING CKS		
	Cooling	Heating
% OA	0.0	0.0
cfm/ft²	1.97	0.64
cfm/ton	723.74	
ft³/ton	367.87	
Btu/hr-ft²	32.62	-14.40
No. People	190	

COOLING COIL SELECTION						AREAS			HEATING COIL SELECTION						
Total Capacity	Sens Cap.	Coil Airflow	Enter DB/WB/HR	Leave DB/WB/HR		Gross Total	Glass		Capacity	Coil Airflow	Ent	Lvg			
ton	MBh	cfm	*F *F gr/lb	*F *F gr/lb			ft² (%)		MBh	cfm	*F	*F			
Main Clg	61.8	741.4	701.3	44,715	75.6	62.5	68.0	60.8	56.9	66.7	Main Htg	-327.4	29,168	66.4	76.9
Aux Clg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Aux Htg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Opt Vent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Preheat	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
											Reheat	-173.6	14,584	60.8	72.0
											Humidif	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
											Opt Vent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	61.8	741.4									Total	-327.4			

AHU-6

Parallel Fan-Powered VAV

COOLING COIL PEAK				CLG SPACE PEAK				HEATING COIL PEAK				TEMPERATURES								
Peaked at Time: Mo/Hr: 7 / 18				Mo/Hr: 7 / 18				Mo/Hr: Heating Design				Cooling			Heating					
Outside Air: OADB/WB/HR: 92 / 70 / 83				OADB: 92				OADB: 13				SADB	60.3	77.3	Ra Plenum	75.6	71.9	Return	75.6	71.9
Space Sens. + Lat.	Plenum Sens. + Lat	Net Total	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sensible	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Peak	Coil Peak	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sens	Tot Sens	Percent Of Total (%)	Fn MtrTD	0.0	0.0	Fn BltTD	0.0	0.0	Fn Frict	0.0	0.0
Envelope Loads						Envelope Loads														
SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0									
SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0									
Roof Cond	0	0	0	0	0	Roof Cond	0	0	0	0	0									
Glass Solar	421,127	0	421,127	53	421,127	59	Glass Solar	0	0	0.00										
Glass/Door Cond	42,723	0	42,723	5	42,723	6	Glass/Door Cond	-157,507	-157,507	92.25										
Wall Cond	5,311	1,385	6,697	1	5,311	1	Wall Cond	-10,461	-13,241	7.75										
Partition/Door	0	0	0	0	0	0	Partition/Door	0	0	0.00										
Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	Floor	0	0	0.00										
Adjacent Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adjacent Floor	0	0	0.00										
Infiltration	0	0	0	0	0	0	Infiltration	0	0	0.00										
Sub Total ==>	469,162	1,385	470,547	59	469,162	66	Sub Total ==>	-167,967	-170,748	100.00										
Internal Loads						Internal Loads														
Lights	117,975	29,494	147,469	19	117,975	17	Lights	0	0	0.00										
People	121,406	0	121,406	15	68,073	10	People	0	0	0.00										
Misc	54,813	0	54,813	7	54,813	8	Misc	0	0	0.00										
Sub Total ==>	294,194	29,494	323,688	41	240,861	34	Sub Total ==>	0	0	0.00										
Ceiling Load	3,944	-3,944	0	0	3,944	1	Ceiling Load	-511	0	0.00										
Ventilation Load	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ventilation Load	0	0	0.00										
Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0.00										
Dehumid. Ov Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0.00										
Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	Exhaust Heat	0	0	0.00										
Exhaust Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	OA Preheat Diff.	0	0	0.00										
Sup. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	RA Preheat Diff.	0	0	0.00										
Ret. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	Additional Reheat	0	0	0.00										
Duct Heat PkUp	0	0	0	0	0	0	Underfrt Sup Ht PkUp	0	0	0.00										
Underfrt Sup Ht PkUp	0	0	0	0	0	0	Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0.00										
Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sub Total ==>	-168,479	-170,748	100.00										
Grand Total ==>	767,300	26,935	794,235	100.00	713,967	100.00	Grand Total ==>	-168,479	-170,748	100.00										

AIRFLOWS		
	Cooling	Heating
Diffuser	45,789	29,766
Terminal	45,789	29,766
Main Fan	45,789	14,883
Sec Fan	0	14,883
Nom Vent</		



Oklahoma University  
Children's Medical Office Building

AHU-7

Parallel Fan-Powered VAV

COOLING COIL PEAK				CLG SPACE PEAK				HEATING COIL PEAK				TEMPERATURES		
Peaked at Time: Mo/Hr: 7 / 18 Outside Air: OADB/WBHR: 92 / 70 / 83				Mo/Hr: 7 / 18 OADB: 92				Mo/Hr: Heating Design OADB: 13				SADB	Cooling	Heating
Space Sens.	Plenum Sens. + Lat.	Net Total	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sensible	Plenum Sensible + Lat	Net Total	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Peak	Coil Peak	Percent	Return			
Btu/h	Btu/h	Btu/h		Btu/h	Btu/h	Btu/h		Space Sens	Tot Sens	Of Total (%)	Ret/OA			
Envelope Loads								Envelope Loads			Fn MtrTD			
SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Solar	0	0	Fn BidTD			
SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Cond	0	0	Fn Frict			
Roof Cond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Roof Cond	0	0				
Glass Solar	422,161	0	422,161	55	422,161	61	422,161	Glass Solar	0	0				
Glass/Door Cond	42,513	0	42,513	6	42,513	6	42,513	Glass/Door Cond	-156,731	-156,731				
Wall Cond	5,119	1,331	6,450	1	5,119	1	5,119	Wall Cond	-10,142	-12,829				
Partition/Door	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Partition/Door	0	0				
Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Floor	0	0				
Adjacent Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adjacent Floor	0	0				
Infiltration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Infiltration	0	0				
Sub Total ==>	469,792	1,331	471,124	61	469,792	67	469,792	Sub Total ==>	-166,873	-169,560				
Internal Loads								Internal Loads						
Lights	116,280	29,070	145,349	19	116,280	17	116,280	Lights	0	0				
People	99,777	0	99,777	13	53,143	8	53,143	People	0	0				
Misc	54,226	0	54,226	7	54,226	8	54,226	Misc	0	0				
Sub Total ==>	270,282	29,070	299,352	39	223,648	32	223,648	Sub Total ==>	0	0				
Ceiling Load	3,841	-3,841	0	0	3,841	1	3,841	Ceiling Load	-486	0				
Ventilation Load	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ventilation Load	0	0				
Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0				
Dehumid. Ov Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0				
Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Exhaust Heat	0	0				
Exhaust Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	OA Preheat Diff.	0	0				
Sup. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RA Preheat Diff.	0	0				
Ret. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Additional Reheat	0	0				
Duct Heat Pkup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Underflr Sup Ht Pkup	0	0				
Underflr Sup Ht Pkup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Supply Air Leakage	0	0				
Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sub Total ==>	-167,358	-169,560				
Grand Total ==>	743,915	26,561	770,476	100.00	697,281	100.00	697,281	Grand Total ==>	-167,358	-169,560				

COOLING COIL SELECTION						AREAS			HEATING COIL SELECTION				
Total Capacity	Sens Cap.	Coil Airflow	Enter DB/WBHR	Leave DB/WBHR		Gross Total	Glass		Capacity	Coil Airflow	Ent	Lvg	
ton	MBh	MBh	cfm	*F	*F	gr/lb	ft²	(%)	MBh	cfm	*F	*F	
Main Clg	64.2	770.5	723.8	45,507	75.6	62.5	68.0	60.6	56.8	66.5	77.3	77.3	
Aux Clg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Opt Vent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	64.2	770.5											

AHU-8

Parallel Fan-Powered VAV

COOLING COIL PEAK				CLG SPACE PEAK				HEATING COIL PEAK				TEMPERATURES		
Peaked at Time: Mo/Hr: 7 / 18 Outside Air: OADB/WBHR: 92 / 70 / 83				Mo/Hr: 7 / 18 OADB: 92				Mo/Hr: Heating Design OADB: 13				SADB	Cooling	Heating
Space Sens.	Plenum Sens. + Lat.	Net Total	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Sensible	Plenum Sensible + Lat	Net Total	Percent Of Total (%)	Space Peak	Coil Peak	Percent	Return			
Btu/h	Btu/h	Btu/h		Btu/h	Btu/h	Btu/h		Space Sens	Tot Sens	Of Total (%)	Ret/OA			
Envelope Loads								Envelope Loads			Fn MtrTD			
SkyLite Solar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Solar	0	0	Fn BidTD			
SkyLite Cond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SkyLite Cond	0	0	Fn Frict			
Roof Cond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Roof Cond	0	0				
Glass Solar	422,594	0	422,594	56	422,594	61	422,594	Glass Solar	0	0				
Glass/Door Cond	42,816	0	42,816	6	42,816	6	42,816	Glass/Door Cond	-157,849	-157,849				
Wall Cond	5,168	1,358	6,526	1	5,168	1	5,168	Wall Cond	-10,179	-12,904				
Partition/Door	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Partition/Door	0	0				
Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Floor	0	0				
Adjacent Floor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adjacent Floor	0	0				
Infiltration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Infiltration	0	0				
Sub Total ==>	470,578	1,358	471,936	62	470,578	68	470,578	Sub Total ==>	-168,028	-170,753				
Internal Loads								Internal Loads						
Lights	115,777	28,944	144,721	19	115,777	17	115,777	Lights	0	0				
People	88,840	0	88,840	12	48,601	7	48,601	People	0	0				
Misc	53,226	0	53,226	7	53,226	8	53,226	Misc	0	0				
Sub Total ==>	257,843	28,944	286,787	38	217,604	31	217,604	Sub Total ==>	0	0				
Ceiling Load	3,780	-3,780	0	0	3,780	1	3,780	Ceiling Load	-485	0				
Ventilation Load	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ventilation Load	0	0				
Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Adj Air Trans Heat	0	0				
Dehumid. Ov Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0				
Ov/Undr Sizing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Exhaust Heat	0	0				
Exhaust Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	OA Preheat Diff.	0	0				
Sup. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RA Preheat Diff.	0	0				
Ret. Fan Heat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Additional Reheat	0	0				
Duct Heat Pkup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Underflr Sup Ht Pkup	0	0				
Underflr Sup Ht Pkup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Supply Air Leakage	0	0				
Supply Air Leakage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sub Total ==>	-168,513	-170,752				
Grand Total ==>	732,201	26,522	758,723	100.00	691,962	100.00	691,962	Grand Total ==>	-168,513	-170,752				

COOLING COIL SELECTION						AREAS			HEATING COIL SELECTION				
Total Capacity	Sens Cap.	Coil Airflow	Enter DB/WBHR	Leave DB/WBHR		Gross Total	Glass		Capacity	Coil Airflow	Ent	Lvg	
ton	MBh	MBh	cfm	*F	*F	gr/lb	ft²	(%)	MBh	cfm	*F	*F	
Main Clg	63.2	758.7	718.5	46,078	75.5	62.5	68.0	60.9	57.0	66.7	77.2	77.2	
Aux Clg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Opt Vent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	63.2	758.7											





Appendix B

**SYSTEM SUMMARY**  
**DESIGN COOLING CAPACITIES**  
By ACADEMIC

Alternative 1

Building Airside Systems and Plant Capacities

Plant	System	Peak Plant Loads								Time Of Peak	Block Plant Loads							
		Main Coil ton	Aux Coil ton	Opt Vent ton	Misc Load ton	Stg 1 Desic Cond ton	Stg 2 Desic Cond ton	Base Utility ton	Peak Total ton		Main Coil ton	Aux Coil ton	Opt Vent ton	Misc Load ton	Stg 1 Desic Cond ton	Stg 2 Desic Cond ton	Base Utility ton	Block Total ton
Cooling plant - 001		517.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	517.9	7/18	517.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	517.4
	AHU-3	62.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.4	7/18	62.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.4
	AHU-0	24.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.2	7/18	23.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.7
	AHU-5	61.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	61.8	7/18	61.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	61.8
	AHU-4	65.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.2	7/18	65.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.2
	AHU-6	66.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.2	7/18	66.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.2
	AHU-7	64.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	64.2	7/18	64.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	64.2
	AHU-8	63.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	63.2	7/18	63.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	63.2
	AHU-9	56.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	56.1	7/18	56.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	56.1
	AHU-10	54.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.6	7/18	54.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.6
Building totals		517.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	517.9		517.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	517.4

Building peak load is 517.9 tons.

Building maximum block load of 517.4 tons occurs in July at hour 18 based on system simulation.

**SYSTEM SUMMARY**  
**DESIGN HEATING CAPACITIES**  
By ACADEMIC

Alternative 1

System Coil Capacities

System Description	System Type	Main System Btu/h	Aux System Btu/h	Preheat Btu/h	Reheat Btu/h	Humid. Btu/h	Optional Vent Btu/h	Stg 1 Desic Regen Btu/h	Stg 2 Desic Regen Btu/h	Stg 1 Frost Prevention Btu/h	Stg 2 Frost Prevention Btu/h	Heating Totals Btu/h
AHU-3	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-340,085	0	0	-176,813	0	0	0	0	0	0	-340,085
AHU-0	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-138,050	0	0	-53,814	0	0	0	0	0	0	-138,050
AHU-5	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-327,379	0	0	-173,559	0	0	0	0	0	0	-327,379
AHU-4	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-338,863	0	0	-171,485	0	0	0	0	0	0	-338,863
AHU-6	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-354,293	0	0	-184,675	0	0	0	0	0	0	-354,293
AHU-7	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-349,517	0	0	-181,054	0	0	0	0	0	0	-349,517
AHU-8	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-349,127	0	0	-179,491	0	0	0	0	0	0	-349,127
AHU-9	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-305,292	0	0	-155,625	0	0	0	0	0	0	-305,292
AHU-10	Parallel Fan-Powered VAV	-302,819	0	0	-156,525	0	0	0	0	0	0	-302,819
Totals		-2,805,425	0	0	-1,433,040	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2,805,425

Building Plant Capacities

Plant	System	Peak Loads												
		Main Coil MBh	Preheat Coil MBh	Reheat Coil MBh	Humid. Coil MBh	Aux Coil MBh	Opt Vent Coil MBh	Misc Load MBh	Stg 1 Desic Regen MBh	Stg 2 Desic Regen MBh	Stg 1 Frost Prev. MBh	Stg 2 Frost Prev. MBh	Base Utility MBh	Absorption Load MBh
Heating plant - 002		2,805	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-3	340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-0	138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-5	327	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-4	339	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-6	354	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-7	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-8	349	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-9	305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AHU-10	303	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Building peak load is 2,805.4 MBh.